S425 BMPs for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control at Industrial Sites

Description of Pollutant Sources: Industrial activities on soil areas, exposed and disturbed soils, steep grading, etc. can be sources of sediments that can contaminate stormwater runoff.

Pollutant Control Approach: Limit the exposure of erodible soil, stabilize, or cover erodible soil where necessary to prevent erosion, and/or provide treatment for stormwater contaminated with TSS caused by eroded soil.

Applicable BMPs:

- Limit the exposure of erodible soil.
- Stabilize entrances/exits to prevent track-out. See <u>BMP C105: Stabilized Construction Access</u>.
- Stabilize or cover erodible soil to prevent erosion. Cover practice options include:
 - Use vegetative cover such as grass, trees, shrubs, on erodible soil areas.
 - Cover exposed areas with mats such as clear plastic, jute, synthetic fiber. See <u>BMP C122: Nets and</u> <u>Blankets</u> and <u>BMP C123: Plastic Covering</u>.
 - Preserve natural vegetation including grass, trees, shrubs, and vines when possible. See <u>BMP C101:</u> <u>Preserving Natural Vegetation</u>.
- If stabilizing or covering the erodible soil is not possible, then structural controls must be implemented. Structural practice options include:
 - Vegetated swales
 - BMP C200: Interceptor Dike and Swale
 - BMP C233: Silt Fence
 - BMP C207: Check Dams
 - BMP C232: Gravel Filter Berm
 - Sedimentation basin
 - Proper grading
 - Paving

For design information refer to II-4 Construction Stormwater BMPs.

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